## IN THE CLAIMS:

Please revise the claims, as follows:

1. (Currently amended) A method of guaranteeing authenticity of an object, said method comprising:

providing a sample of material obtainable only by at least one of chemical and physical processes such that the a measurable characteristic of said sample is random and not reproducible;

associating a number reproducibly to any said sample by using a specific reader; and forming at least one coded version of said number, said number being optionally encrypted in combination with further information, said at least one coded version being obtained by a key signature, and said coded version being recorded into an area of said object;

wherein said object includes at least one of a chip having a recording support, said chip positioned on said object, and another recording support, said method further comprising:

to allow for sample-reader combinations such that the number associated to said sample is only essentially reproducible, recording also said number on said object card on said recording support on one of said chip and said another recording support.

- 2. (Canceled)
- 3. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said object comprises a smart card.
- 4. (Original) The method according to claim 3, wherein said smart card incorporates a chip.

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- 5-6. (Canceled)
- 7. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said key signature includes using public key cryptography.
- 8. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 1, further comprising:

reading, by a reader, the sample in an imprecise manner such, meaning that sequential readings are not exactly the same as an initial reading of said sample, but collecting, at a time of preparation of the object, much more information about the said sample that will be contained by decoding any of the encrypted said coded version of that information, said encryption optionally combining said information about the sample with said optional information,

wherein said object carries a chip and a recording of a digital representation of the full information initially collected of the sample from the reader used at the time the object is prepared.

9. (Original) The method according to claim 8, further comprising:

sending a result of the reader to a processor, which associates with the reading of the sample said number;

sending said number to a second processor containing a secure hash function, details of which are made public, and a secret part of said key signature, said key signature comprising a

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public key signature, wherein said second processor computes a coded version of the hash of said number appended with a predetermined, optional data; and

outputting said coded version to said chip.

10. (Original) The method according to claim 9, wherein upon introducing the object into a second reader, a different reading of said sample occurs such that the first reader reads the sample to deliver R(S) and the second reader reads the sample to deliver R(S), said method further comprising:

determining by a comparator whether the readings by said first and second readers are less than or equal to a predetermined threshold to accept the object, at least temporarily, as authentic.

11. (Original) The method according to claim 10, further comprising:

reading said coded version by said chip and verifying said coded version against said number by using a public part of the public key signature; and

if said number and said coded version read by said chip are compatible, accepting the card as authentic.

12. (Original) The method according to claim 8, further comprising:

delivering by said reader an actual reading R(S) and delivering by a second reader an original reading as RO(SO);

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processing said readings by first and second processors to deliver N(R(S)) and N(R(S)), respectively; and

determining by a comparator whether outputs from said first and second processors have a value no more than a predetermined threshold, to temporarily accept the object as authentic.

13. (Original) The method according to claim 12, further comprising:

reading the coded version in said chip and verifying said coded version against said number by using a public portion of a public key signature; and

if the information in said number and that read in said chip are compatible, accepting said object as authentic.

- 14. (Original) The method according to claim 1, further comprising: sensing a degeneration of said sample.
- 15. (Original) The method according to claim 14, wherein said sensing includes comparing a difference between an actual reading vector and an original reading vector against a threshold;

forwarding a result of the reader to a processor, which associates with the reading of said sample a transformed vector K(NO(RO(SO))), where K is a transformation matrix; and

forwarding the transformed vector to a second processor including a secure hash function, details of which are made public, and a secret part of a public key signature scheme.

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16. (Original) The method according to claim 15, wherein said object includes a chip, and wherein said second processor computes a coded version of the hash function of the transformed vector appended with predetermined optional external data, to provide a coded number, said coded number being put on said chip,

wherein upon introducing the card to a second reader, a predetermined different reading of the sample is performed.

17. (Original) The method according to claim 16, wherein an actual reading made by a first reader is transformed into a transformed vector KN, and wherein an original transformed vector KN0 is delivered by a second reader, and

wherein the transformed vector, KN is compared against the original transformed vector KNO by a comparator such that if the two transformed vectors have a value within a predetermined closeness, the object is temporarily accepted as authentic.

18. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 17, further comprising:

reading by said chip the coded version and verifying said coded version against the transformed vector using a public part of the public key signature; and

accepting the object as authentic if the transformed vector and the coded version read in said chip are compatible.

19. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 20 1, wherein the new data and its certificate are computed dynamically.

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20. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein a sequence of data associated with said

sample, said sample, and certificates associated with said sample and said data are precomputed.

21. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said object being authenticated

comprises a piece of paper.

22. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said key signature includes using

private key cryptography.

23. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said specific reader captures

information out of the sample by one of a scanning and globally.

24. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said sample includes at least one of a

mineral and a glass, selectively covered by a carbon film and affixed to said object.

25. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said coded version of said number

includes at least one of optional data appended to said number and a hash of said number with

said optional data.

26. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein data linked to the sample of material is

selectively changeable.

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27. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said sample of material is selectively changeable over time.

28. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein said data is selectively changeable when said sample is changed.

29. (Original) The method according to claim 20, wherein said data is selectively changeable when said sample is changed.

30. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein new data associated with said sample and a certificate of said sample are computed dynamically.

31. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein at a time of creation of said object, said coded version of said number is stored in memory for later comparison when said object is presented for authentication.

32. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein a plurality of coded versions of numbers are recorded into said object.

33. (Currently amended) A method of preventing cloning of an object, said method comprising:

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providing a sample of material obtainable only by at least one of chemical and physical processes such that a measurement of a characteristic of the sample is random and not reproducible;

associating a number reproducibly to any said sample by using a specific reader as an initial measurement of said characteristic of said sample; and

forming at least one coded version of said number, said at least one coded version being obtained by a public key signature, and said version being recorded into an area of said object,

wherein said sample is subject to a degeneration such that subsequent measurements of said characteristic may vary from said initial measurement and an authenticity of said object is determined by calculating whether a subsequent measurement falls within an acceptable tolerance of error due to said degeneration.

34. (Currently amended) A method of preventing imitation of a smart card, said method comprising:

providing a sample of material obtainable only by at least one of chemical and physical processes such that a measurable characteristic of the sample is random and not reproducible;

associating a number reproducibly to any said sample by using a specific reader as an initial reading of said characteristic; and

forming at least one coded version of said number, said at least one coded version being obtained by a public key signature, and said version being recorded into an area of said object,

wherein said sample is subject to a degeneration such that said measurable characteristic may vary over time and an authenticity of said sample is determined by calculating whether a

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subsequent measurement of said characteristic provides an associated number that is acceptably close to said initial reading.

35. (Currently amended) A system for guaranteeing authenticity of an object, said method comprising:

a sample of material obtainable only by at least one of chemical and physical processes such that a measurable characteristic of the sample is random and not reproducible, said sample being placed on said object;

means for associating a number reproducibly to any said sample by using a specific reader, said specific reader providing an initial measurement of said characteristic and an initial associated number; and

means for forming at least one coded version of said initial associated number, said at least one coded version being obtained by a public key signature, and said at least one coded version being recorded into an area of said object.

36. (Currently amended) A signal-bearing medium tangibly embodying a program of machine-readable instructions executable by a digital processing apparatus to perform a method for computer-implemented guaranteeing of authenticity, said method comprising:

providing for a sample of material obtainable only by at least one of chemical and physical processes such that the sample is random and not reproducible; reproducible. associating a number reproducibly to any said sample by using a specific reader; and

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forming at least one coded version of said number, said at least one coded version being obtained by a key signature, and said version being recorded into an area of said object.

wherein said sample is subject to a degeneration such that said number may vary over time and an authenticity of said sample is determined by calculating whether a subsequent associated number is acceptably close to said recorded coded version.

- 37. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said optional forming at least one coded version of said number further comprises using additional information for said forming said coded version, wherein said additional information comprises the date of issue of said object.
- 38. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said optional forming at least one coded version of said number further comprises using additional information for said forming said coded version, wherein said additional information comprises the functionality of an application of said object.



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